- (iii) Requested collection of the total debt amount due.
- (3) Offset from any compensation or pension benefits under the authority of 38 U.S.C. 5301(c) shall not exceed 15% of the net monthly compensation or pension benefit payment. The net monthly compensation or pension benefit payment is defined as the authorized monthly compensation or pension benefit payment less all current deductions.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5301(c) and 5314)

[48 FR 1055, Jan. 10, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 42106, Nov. 3, 1987; 57 FR 47263, Oct. 15, 1992]

§1.913 Personal interview with debtor.

The Department of Veterans Affairs will, to the extent feasible, undertake personal interviews whenever requested by debtors and in other cases having regard for the amounts involved and the proximity of agency representatives to the debtors.

§ 1.914 Contact with debtor's employing agency.

When a debtor of the Department of Veterans Affairs is employed by another agency of the Federal Government or is a member of the Military establishment or the Coast Guard and collection by offset cannot be accomplished in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 5514, the Department of Veterans Affairs will contact the employing agency in an effort to arrange with the debtor for payment of the indebtedness by allotment or otherwise in accordance with section 206 of Executive Order 11222 of May 8, 1965 (30 FR 6469; 3 CFR 1965 Supp., pp. 130, 131).

\S 1.915 Suspension or revocation of eligibility.

Demands on debtors who are lenders, contractors, brokers, or other participants in Department of Veterans Affairs programs will include notification that failure to pay their debts within a reasonable time may be cause for suspension or disqualification to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this section is intended to be in derogation of the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 3704(b) and 3704(d) as implemented by §§ 36.4331 and 36.4361 of this chapter. The failure of any surety to honor its obligations

in accordance with 6 U.S.C. 11 will be reported to the Treasury Department at once. Prompt and appropriate Department of Veterans Affairs action will be taken upon receipt of Treasury Department notification that a surety's certificate of authority to do business with the Federal Government has been revoked or forfeited.

§1.916 Liquidation of collateral.

VA will exercise its rights to liquidate security or collateral and apply the proceeds to debts due it through use of a power of sale in the security instrument or a non-judicial foreclosure if the debtor fails to pay his or her debt, within a reasonable time after demand, unless the cost of disposing of the collateral will be disproportionate to its value or the particular circumstances require judicial foreclosure. VA must provide the debtor with reasonable notice of the sale, and an accounting of any surplus proceeds, as well as notice of any other procedures required by law or contract. Collection from other sources, including liquidation of security or collateral, is not a prerequisite to requiring payment by a surety or insurance company unless such action is expressly required by statute or contract.

(Authority: 31 U.S.C. 3711) [52 FR 42106, Nov. 3, 1987]

§1.917 Collection in installments.

(a) Whenever feasible, and except as otherwise provided by law, debts owed to VA together with any interest and administrative costs assessed under §1.919, shall be collected in full in one lump sum. Collection in one lump sum is applicable whether the debt is being collected by administrative offset or by another method, including voluntary payment. However, payments may be accepted in regular installments when the debtor is financially unable to pay the debt in one lump sum.

(b) In agreeing to accept regular installment payments to liquidate an outstanding indebtedness, VA shall obtain a legally enforceable written agreement from the debtor which specifies all of the terms of the agreement and which contains a provision accelerating the debt in the event that